Numb. 704.

So^th.-Carolina THE GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

From MONDAY *October* 5th, *to* MONDAY *October* 12th, 1747.

From the London Magazine *for the Month of* July, 1747. *And other Papers.*

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

HAVING already given a full Account of the Battle fought the 2d Inſt. N.S. near *Maeſtricht*, and of ſome Things that happen'd afterwards, we ſhall now give the other moſt material Accounts ſince arrived from either of the two Armies. The Day after the Battle, the Allied Army paſſed over the *Maeſe*, and encamped on the other Side, ſo as to cover *Maeſtricht*; and the *French* King having his Quarters at the *Grande Commanderie*, and Marſhal *Saxe* had his at *Hoeſelt*. The *French* having taken Poſt with a Body of 7 or 8000 Men at *Caſtert*, near the Mountain of *St. Peter*, which covers one Side of *Maeſtricht*, a conſiderable Detachment from the Allied Army paſſed over on the 14th, and took Poſt at *Lichtemberg*, upon that Mountain. Both have entrenched themſelves in their reſpective Poſts; and ſeveral Skirmiſhes have happened between theſe two Detachments, as alſo between the Irregulars, at ſeveral other Places, but none very remarkable.

On the 5th Inſt. N.S. Count *Lowendahl* was ſent with a large Detachment from the *French* Army towards *Antwerp*, and on the 9th he marched from *Miroc* to inveſt *Bergen-op-Zoom*, having firſt detached a Party to reduce *Lillo* and *Sandvliet*, the Gariſon of which laſt Place, conſiſting of 960 Men, retired on the Approach of the Enemy, in the Night of the 13th, to *Bergen-op-Zoom*, but the former ſtill holds out. In the Night between the 14th and 15th, the Count opened his Trenches before *Bergen-op-Zoom*, on the Side next *Antwerp*, but could not compleatly inveſt the Place, becauſe of its having a Communication with the Lines between it and *Steenberg*, which are poſſeſſed by a large Body of *Dutch* Troops, under the Command of the Prince of *Saxe-Hildbourghauſen*. As this is one of the beſt fortified Places in *Europe*, and of the utmoſt Importance to the *Dutch*, we ſhall give the Accounts of the moſt important Occurrences during the Siege, as they arrive, the firſt of which is from the Place itſelf, dated *July* 17, *N.S.*

We have been ever ſince the 14th at Night attacked in Form, when the Enemy opened the Trenches on the Side of the Gate of *Wouw*, where they have erected ſeveral Batteries, which have been more than once diſmounted by our Cannon, which has hitherto prevented the Enemy from firing upon the Place. We have in one of our Outworks raiſed a Battery of Mortars, which has done the Enemy great Miſchief. One of the Bombs Yeſterday falling into a Place where they had an advanced Poſt of 13 Men, every one of them were killed by it. On the 15th at Night we made a great and ſucceſsful Sally on the Side of the *Lunette*, call'd *Kyk in de Pot*, in which we not only ruined and filled up a good Part of the Enemy's Works, but alſo killed a great many People, and took 250 Priſoners, who were ſent to *Boiſleduc*. The Prince of *Heſſe Philipſthall*, our Governor, advanced himſelf as far as the Palliſadoes to animate the Troops. In the Sally which we made laſt Night, there were ſeveral killed and wounded on both Sides, leſs however on ours than on the Enemy's. It would, probably, have been more ſucceſsful, if a Fuſil, which was diſcharged by one of our Men too ſoon had not betrayed our Deſign, and alarmed the *French*. Some Officers of the Regiment of *Waldeck* very much diſtinguiſhed themſelves on this Occaſion. M. *G. Van Haren*, Deputy of the States General, who by Order of their High Mightineſſes and the Stadtholder is here, is indefatigable in preparing for the Defence of the Place, and his Preſence contributes greatly to inſpire the Troops with Courage, and the Inhabitants with a Deſire of preſerving the Honour of their Town, which was never yet taken by Force.

The next is from the *Hague*, dated *July* 21. Letters received this Evening from *Bergen-op-Zoom* mention, that the *French* were battering that Town with red-hot Bullets, and had ſet it on Fire in ſeveral Places.

The third is from the Place itſelf, dated *July* 24. The more the *French* King's Troops endeavour to become Maſters of this Place, the more reſolute we are in the Defence of it; and our Engineers daily give Proofs of their Abilities. We have lately received 8 Companies from *Zealand*, and want neither Proviſions nor Ammunition. Count *Lowendahl* has demanded a Suſpenſion of Arms to bury their Dead, but was refuſed it. The Enemy's Fire is greatly diminiſhed this Day. They have already loſt a great Number of Men, and, according to the Report of Deſerters, almoſt deſpair of ſucceeding in their Enterprize, but expect great Reinforcements. The Baron of *Cronſtom* (whom the Prince Stadtholder has appointed Governor of *Dutch Flanders*) is indefatigable in giving his Orders, and the Preſence of Meſſieurs *Van Haren* and *Verelſt* contributes to keep up the Spirits of the Inhabitants, moſt of whoſe Houſes being demoliſhed, their Diſtreſs cannot be greater, and therefore they only think of defending themſelves to the laſt Extremity.

The fourth is from the Head-Quarters at *Capelle*, in the Iſland of *South-Beveland*, dated *July* 23. Lieutenant-General *Smiſſart* thought proper to remove the Head-Quarters hither, for the Conveniency of relieving *Bergen-op-Zoom*. We have already ſent thither ſeveral Gunners, and we continue ſending daily from on board the Squadrons of the Vice-Admirals *Schryver* and *Mitchell* ſuch as are inclined to undertake that Service. There are 150 Pieces of heavy Cannon in the Place, excluſive of what is in the Lines, and what they may have received from the Iſland of *Walcheren*. On the 22d there was ſafely carried into the Town and the Camp of the Prince of *Saxe-Hildbourghauſen*, a Supply of 100 Oxen, 300 Hogs, and 600 Sheep; Of Corn and Flour they have enough, and if they had not, we could ſupply them ſufficiently for *ſix* Months. The two Deputies, *Van Haren* and *Verelſt*, neglect nothing to inſpire both the Gariſon and the Inhabitants with the invincible Reſolution to defend the Place, that *Bergen-op-Zoom*, which is *now beſieged for the eleventh Time, without ever being taken, may preſerve its ancient Glory*.

The fifth is from the *Hague*, dated *July* 25. By the Letters received this Evening of the 24th Inſtant from *Bergen-op-Zoom*, we are inform'd, that four or five of the Enemy's Magazines had been blown up, and that a great Firing was heard at *Steenbergen*, where it was imagined the *French* were making an Attack to divide our Forces in the Lines. All the Country about *Willemſtadt* is laid under Water, and the neceſſary Precautions are taken to put that Place in a proper Poſture of Defence.

The ſixth is from *Tolen*, dated *July* 25. The Body of Troops detached by Count *Lowendahl*, with Orders to get Poſſeſſion of ſome of the Forts that cover the Lines of *Bergen-op-Zoom*, and who for that Purpoſe had approached a Fort at *Steenbergen*, having found the Thing impracticable, ſuddenly turned off upon *Steenbergen* itſelf, with a Deſign to ſurprize that Place; but the Commandant of the Town received them ſo well, that they were obliged to retire with great Loſs, abandonning their Dead and Wounded. The latter were taken up by our People, and ſent to *Breda* in 13 Waggons. Four Cannoniers are come from Count *Lowendahl*'s Camp as Deſerters, who are employ'd in the Place, and

ſerve

ſerve the Batteries in a moſt diſtinguiſh'd Manner; it was they who ſhew'd the Places where the Enemy had their Magazines of Bombs and Powder, which were fired by the Bombs of the Gariſon. The Night between the 21ſt and 22d, the Enemy endeavoured to take the Fort *Kyk-in-de-Pot*, but were repulſed with great Loſs. The next Morning Count *Lowendahl* ſent to demand a Suſpenſion of Arms, in order to bury the Dead; and the Anſwer return'd was, *That if he had attack'd the Place according to the Rules and Rights of War, his Demand ſhould certainly have been granted, according to the uſual Cuſtom; but that having begun the Siege like a mere Incendiary, and by ſetting Fire to the City, a Reſolution had been taken neither to demand or grant to him any Suſpenſion of Arms.*

And the ſeventh is from the *Hague*, dated *Auguſt* 1. The Enemy have turned all their Force againſt *Fort Rover*, judging it eaſier to penetrate into the Lines that Way than any other. They had actually made the Diſpoſitions for a Storm on *Sunday* Night laſt, but the Prince of *Saxe Hildbourghauſen* prevented them by a vigorous Sally, which perfectly ſucceeded, and in which above 1000 of the Enemy were kill'd, and 200 of our own Men. What contributed much to augment the Loſs and Diſorder of the *French* was, that during this Action the Beſieged blew up another Magazine of Powder, the Exploſion of which cauſed ſuch an Alarm and Terror, as all the Courage and Firmneſs of the *French* Generals were not capable of remedying. The *French* Deſerters, who come over in great Numbers, and were Yeſterday no leſs than 200, agree in aſſuring us, that the Stench of the dead Bodies before the Town and Lines is intolerable to the beſieging Army, from which, the Demand has twice been repeated for Permiſſion to bury them, and refuſed.

Soon after this Siege was begun by the *French* Prince *Waldeck* marched with a ſtrong Detachment from the Allied Army to reinforce the *Dutch* Lines between *Bergen-op-Zoom* and *Steenberg*, and by our laſt Accounts, was advanced as far as *Breda*: At the ſame Time, the *French* ſent ſtrong Reinforcements to Count *Lowendahl*; ſo that whilſt the two Grand Armies obſerve one another near *Maeſtricht*, the State of Action will probably be about *Bergen-op-Zoom*. Whilſt the Detachment from the Allied Army was on its March to *Breda*, Prince *Waldeck* gave up the Command, and retired, as ſome ſay, to *Cleves*, but as others ſay, to the *Hague*, to aſk his Diſmiſſion in Form.

Notwithſtanding the many Accounts we had of the *Auſtrians* Succeſs before *Genoa*, yet upon the Approach of the *French* Army they at laſt found it neceſſary to raiſe the Siege, which they did in the Night between the 5th and 6th Inſtant, N.S. and retired without any conſiderable Loſs; from whence the Friends of the Houſe of *Auſtria* began to dread the Conſequences of the enſuing Campaign in *Italy*; but their Fears have ſubſided upon Advice of the Victory gained by the *Auſtrian* and *Sardinian* Troops near *Exilles*, of which we have already given the Account ſent to the *Sardinian* Miniſter here, and ſhall now add the following Account ſent to the *Sardinian* Miniſter at the *Hague*, viz. The Enemies, whoſe Views had before ſeemed to be on *Demont* and *Cani*, having of a ſudden changed their Deſign, the Chevalier *de Belleiſle* cauſed the Troops which had already paſſed the *Col of Var*, in their Way to *Barcelonetta*, to turn back; and having reconducted them towards *Briançon*, and ſuddenly paſſed *Mount Genevre*, he deſcended towards *Exilles*, after having cauſed ſome *Spaniſh* Battallions to come up out of *Savoy*. *July* 19, in the Morning, he made his Troops paſs the *Col de Seſtrieres*, to the Number of 46 Battalions, 12 Companies of Grenadiers, and 500 Huſſars, with 7 Field-Pieces; and about 10 in the Morning he arrived at the firſt advanced Poſt of the *Col of Aſſiette*. There was Skirmiſhing till 3 in the Afternoon, when the Chevalier *de Belleiſle* cauſed the Intrenchments, which had been made in haſte at the *Col de Aſſiette*, were without Foſſes and Palliſadoes, and defended by 4 *Auſtrian* Battalions, under Major Gen. Count *Colloredo*, and 7 *Piedmonteſe* Battalions, to be attack'd by three different Columns. The Attack was briſk and long; the firſt Redoubt, which was the loweſt and moſt important, was defended by the greateſt Part of the *Auſtrian* and *Piedmonteſe* Grenadiers; there was the principal Attack of the Enemies, and there the Chevalier *de Belleiſle* was killed; when obſerving, from the Station near the Batteries, where he examin'd every Thing, that this principal Attack went at, he took a Pair of Colours in his Hand, and planted them on the Glacis of the Redoubt, where he received a Wound in the Arm by a Bayonet, and in his retiring was hit by two Muſket-ſhots, one of which went thro' his Head. The two other Attacks were made higher, upon the Intrenchments, which were on the two Sides of the Summit of the Mountain, which gradually aſcended from the Redoubt. The Affair was not over till Evening, when the Allies having at once made their greateſt Efforts, and a Part of *Forgatſch*'s *Hungarian* Battalion ſallying out of the Intrenchments Sword in Hand, the Confuſion became general on all Sides, and the Enemies thought of nothing but retiring with Precipitation. Beſides the Chevalier *de Belleiſle*, M. *d'Amand*, Marſhal de Camp, was killed; M. *de Bourget*, Brigadier, is taken Priſoner, wounded paſt Recovery. It is incredible how much the *French* have loſt. The 10th, at 4 in the Afternoon, a Letter came to the Count *de Briguereſco* from a *French* Commiſſary, who was at *Sceau* with 600 Wounded, demanding Compaſion on them, and that Care might be taken of them.

The ſaid Commiſſary declared the Loſs of the *French* to be 6000 Men, and about 400 of their beſt Officers. What we know of ourſelves is, that beſides the 600 Wounded at *Sceau*, there are 4 or 500 Priſoners; that the Number of Dead, upon the Field of Battle, amount to between 16 and 1700 in the Attacks, of which 800 fell before the ſingle Battalion of *Forgatſch*, which fired all the While with Aim, and made a great Slaughter in their Sally Sword in Hand, with Lieutenant Colonel *Droſkowitz* at their Head, who took a Standard with his own Hand. There is certainly a prodigious Number of Officers kill'd: We know them by their Hair and their Hands. We cannot doubt but the Deſertion is alſo very great.

The King of *Spain* has ordered it to be ſignified to the Queen Dowager, that the Cities of *Toledo*, *Valladolid*, *Burgos*, or *Saragoſſa*, would be more convenient for her than *Madrid*; and her Son, the Cardinal Archbiſhop of *Toledo*, has been ordered to retire to his Dioceſs.

The *French* Party prevails ſo much in *Sweden*, that the Subſidy-Treaty has been renewed for ten Years longer; and all the Houſes of the Diet of that Kingdom have joined in the following Reſolution, in Favour of Count *Teſſin*, viz. That after having canvaſſed the Conduct of this Nobleman, with reſpect to the important Affairs he was intruſted with, it appears to them, that he has behaved in the moſt laudable Manner, and always acted for the Honour and Welfare of the Kingdom, like a zealous, faithful Subject, and an able Miniſter.

July 10th, the Queen of *Denmark* was ſafely brought to Bed of a Princeſs, who was the ſame Eveuing baptized, and named *Wilhelmina Carolina*.

LONDON. July 21.

It's ſaid, that the Treaty of mutual Defence between the Empreſs-Queen of Hungary and the King of Sardinia, which was near expiring, was renewed, and the ſame is ſaid to be ſigned by the two contracting Powers.

The French have loſt between five and ſix thouſand Men, in the Siege of Bergen-op-zoom; and the Huſſars have taken a Courier from Count Lowendahl to the French King, with Diſpatches importing, that if he was not ſpeedily reinforced, his Army would be ruined, and he ſhould be obliged to raiſe the Siege.

LONDON, July 23.

Extract of a Letter from Dover *dated July* 21.

'Laſt Saturday Night a Party of our Highlanders from Fort 'Rover, which defends Part of the Line of Bergen-op-zoom, made 'a Sally, ruin'd the Enemy's Grand Battery, and kill'd ſo many 'of their Men, that the French beat a Parley to bury their Dead, 'which was refuſed. The Highlanders had only nine Men kill'd 'and wounded; and as a large Reinforcement are by this Time 'got into the Lines, it is thought the Siege will ſoon be raiſed.'

By a Letter from Fluſhing, we have an Account, that his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Orange has ordered the Three Hundred ſelect Men, who were ordered to make the Sally from Bergen-op-Zoom at the Beginning of the Siege, and who ran away in a cowardly Manner, to be decimated; i. e. every Tenth Man to be ſhot.

LONDON, July 25.

We learn by private Letters from Liege, that the French King is very weary of being in the Field, and that it was reported, and generally believed, Marſhal Saxe would not be able to detain him there beyond the 1ſt of Auguſt. The ſame Letters ſay, that there is a great Sickneſs in the French Army; occaſioned by the unwholeſome Air, as well as by a Scarcity of Proviſions, which begins to be very ſenſibly felt all over Flanders.

From the BOSTON GAZETTE, *Aug.* 18. In our Gazette of the 4th Currant, we inform'd that the Rev. Mr. *Whitefield* was in a Manner conſtrained to go back to Durham & Exeter; at which Places we are ſince informed, he preached; Then came back to Newbury,

Newbury, where on Lord's Day he preached again: Monday Morning at Ipſwich; and then return'd to Mr. *Royal's* at Charles-Town: Tueſday at One in the Afternoon he came to Boſton; upon which Dr. *Colman* deſired him to preach his Lecture that Evening in his large Church; and the People quickly fill'd it; The next Evening at the New North; Thurſday Afternoon at the Old North; Friday Morning at the New North; Saturday Morning at the Old North again: Lord's Day he aſſiſted in adminiſtring the Lord's Supper at the Preſbyterian Church in Bury-Street; the next Morning preached there; and in the Afternoon at the new Baptiſt Church: Thurſday Morning at the New North: The Aſſemblies crowded as uſual: and Wedneſday Afternoon his Farewell Sermon at Boſton on the Hill by the North Burying Place; when the Hill with its Avenues were covered with People; and ſome tho't there were twenty Thouſand, Thurſday Morning he left this Town; and at the Deſire of the condemned Criminal preached in the Square before the Priſon at Cambridge: Friday at Salem; Saturday at Reading; Lord's Day at Concord; Yeſterday ſet out for Rhode Iſland in his Way to New-York &c. He appears to be in a very feeble & declining State of Health; and 'twas wonderful to all who were acquainted with him, to ſee and hear him preaching with his uſual Fervour and Vivacity: And his Engagements to the Southward calling him away ſo ſoon, his many Friends parted with him with peculiar Reluctance; eſpecially fearing they ſhould ſee his Face and hear his Voice no more.

CHARLES-TOWN, *October* 12.

For Ten Days paſt we have had ſuch a continual Storm, with the Wind N.E. and Rain, as has not been known here for many Years, inſomuch that no Veſſel of any Kind has been able to come into or go out of this Port: In this bad Weather the Ship *Rilburne*, *George Bromage* Maſter, (from *Briſtol* for this Port, with a valuable Cargo) after riding at Anchor 8 Days in Five-Fathom-Hole, (a Place about half a Mile within this Bar) was caſt away on Saturday, on the Middle Bay; it is thought the Veſſel and Cargo will be entirely loſt: Some of the Pilot-Boats that were without the Bar are drove into Ediſto, and Two Ships from London are drove off the Coaſt.

Market Price at Charlestown, of the following Goods, of the Produce and Manufacture of this Province.

Rice per 100 Wt 45 *ſ.* 0	Tar, 30 *ſ.*
Pitch per Barrel, 40 *ſ.* 0	Turpentine, 8 *ſ.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE Partnerſhip between *Smith* & *Coſſens* being expired, and the latter intending to leave this Province next *March*, Therefore they expect, that all Perſons indebted to them, either by Bond, Note or Accompt, do diſcharge the ſame before the firſt of *January* next, otherwiſe they will be ſued without farther Notice. Whoever had any Demands on *Daniel Thomas* before his Effects were deliver'd into our Hands, are deſired to give in their Accompts, as a Dividend will be made the 24th Inſtant.

□ *Smith & Coſſens.*

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, in *Charles-Town*, on Thurſday the 22d Inſtant *October*, the following valuable Tracts of Land belonging to *Donald McKaithan*, the Plats whereof may be ſeen at the Sale, *viz.*

500 Acres in the Pariſh of *Prince Frederick*, within 18 Miles of *George-Town*, on which there is a well-finiſhed Houſe, new Weather-boarded and in good Repair, one Story high, 28 Feet long and 18 Feet broad, having 6 Rooms, two Brick Chimneys with 5 Fire Places, and a Pea-atch Front, the whole Length of the Houſe, and all convenient Out-Houſes, 100 Acres of it is clear'd, moſt of which is Swamp and good Rice Land, having 6 Dams capable of reſerving great Quantities of Water, and the whole Tract is extraordinary good Corn, Indigo and Rice Land, and is ſituated convenient to convey the Produce to *George-Town* by Water, it pays but *One Shilling Sterling per Hundred Acres* Quit-Rent, and has a good Landing within half a Mile of the Dwelling-Houſe.

316 Acres of Land, joining the above Tract, fit for the aforeſaid Produce, unimproved.

200 Acres joining the ſame Land, not improved, whereon is a great Quantity of Lightwood, and a parcel of fine Trees for Turpentine.

94 Acres, joining the ſaid Lands. No Turpentine has ever yet been made on either of the ſaid Tracts, ſo that great Quantities can be made.

□ *Daniel Crawford*, V.M.

RUN-AWAY *ſome Time in* July *laſt, from Mrs.* Catherine Cattell, *a likely Negro Fellow, named* Cuffee, *about* 24 *Years of Age, who formerly belong'd to the Eſtate of* Benjamin Godfrey *deceaſed, knows almoſt all Parts of this Province, and has a deep Scar in his right Arm. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Fellow in the Work-Houſe in* Charles-Town, *ſhall have* FIFTEEN POUNDS *Reward, on Application to the Printer hereof. And whoever will give Information where he is harbour'd or entertain'd, ſo that the Perſon harbouring or entertaining him may be convicted thereof, ſhall, upon ſuch Conviction, receive a Reward of* THIRTY POUNDS, *on Application as aforeſaid.*

ALL Perſons indebted to the Subſcriber, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame before the firſt of *January* next, when he intends to depart the Province, or they will be ſued without further Notice. And thoſe that have any Demands on him by his promiſſary Notes or otherwiſe, are deſired to bring in the ſame by the ſaid Day.

□ *James Marſh.*

A *Parcel of Laces, Hollands, Plaid,* &c. *to be ſold at the loweſt Rates, by* JAMES BAILLIE; *being to leave the Province in a few Weeks.*

△

South-Carolina. Whereas *Timothy OBryan* of the Province aforeſaid, has exhibited his Petition to the Juſtices of the Court of *Common Pleas*, ſetting forth, that he is in the Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal of this Province on *Meſne Proceſs*, at the Suit of *Joſeph Wragg*, for a Debt to him juſtly due, and that he is ready and willing to make Surrender, upon Oath, to *One* or more of his Creditors, in Truſt for the Reſt, all and ſingular his Eſtate, both real and perſonal, a Liſt or Schedule of his Eſtate being annexed to his ſaid Petition, and prays to be admitted to the Benefit of the Acts of the General Aſſembly in ſuch Caſe made and provided. *It is therefore Ordered*, and the ſaid *Joſeph Wragg* and all others to whom the ſaid *Timothy OBryan* is in any wiſe indebted, are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature in *Charles-Town*, at the Meeting of the Court of *Common Pleas* which ſhall happen next after *Thirty* Days from the Publication hereof to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid *Timothy OBryan* ſhould not be entitled to the Benefit of the ſaid Acts upon his complying with the Terms therein preſcribed.

AND WHEREAS it appears by the above-mentioned Schedule, that Part of his Eſtate is mortgaged to Meſſrs. *Crokatt* and *Michie*, and Meſſrs. *Simmons, Smith* & Company; the above Acts require, 'That every Perſon to whom any of the Eſtate of ſuch 'Petitioner ſhall be mortgaged, ſhall, at the Time and Place ap'pointed by the Court for the Examination of the Petition and 'Accompt of ſuch Petitioner, deliver into Court, an Accompt, 'upon Oath then to be adminiſtered, what is really and *bona fide* 'due to ſuch Mortgagee, or if, by Reaſon of Sickneſs or other 'lawful Impediment, he cannot attend, he is then to tranſmit a 'fair Copy of what is due to him to the Clerk of the Court, ſworn 'to before two Juſtices of the Peace; but in caſe the Mortgagee 'do not attend or tranſmit his Accompt as aforeſaid, then it ſhall 'be deemed, that ſuch Mortgagee has taken a falſe and feigned 'Truſt, and is declared to be null and void to all Intents and Pur'poſes.' THEREFORE, the ſaid *Crokatt & Michie*, and *Simmons, Smith* & Company, have hereby Notice to appear at the Time and Place above-mentioned, to prove what is due on the ſaid Mortgages, by an Oath then to be adminiſtered, or by tranſmitting Accompts as aforeſaid, otherwiſe their Mortgages will be deemed fraudulent.

October 12, 1747. JAMES WEDDERBURN, *Cl.C.P.*

THE Subſcriber will teach the Art of NAVIGATION, (as grounded upon plain *Trigonometry*) with the Uſe of Charts, two Hours every Evening during the Winter Seaſon, and will begin on Monday the 19th Inſtant. Any Perſons that have a mind to learn the ſaid Art, may apply to him at *Mr. Wragg's* Store on the Bay, oppoſite the Vendue-Houſe.

△ *James Williams.*